



BOVIMUN NEO

PREVENTION OF NEONATAL CALF DIARRRHEA

NEW

Rotavirus
Coronavirus
E.coli
Cl. perfringens



DIARRRHEA HAS NO CHANCE

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BOVIMUN NEO

BOVIMUN NEO PREVENTS NEONATAL DIARRHEA

Of the total calf mortality, 60.5% are calf deaths from neonatal diarrhea or other gastrointestinal diseases*.

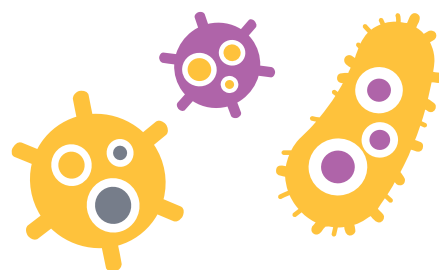
Neonatal diarrhea especially affects calves in the first 28 days of life, the main pathogens are:

Rotavirus – age of the calf is 2-12 days;

Coronavirus – 7-20 days from birth;

E.coli – colibacteriosis at the age of 1-7 days;

Clostridium perfringens – animals from 3 months.



VACCINE COMPOSITION

Inactivated bovine rotavirus, strain "RP-182" $\geq 7.0 \lg \text{TCD}_{50}$;

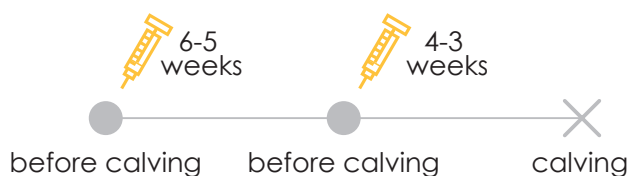
Inactivated bovine coronavirus, strain "CV-315" $\geq 256 \text{ HAU}$;

Inactivated Escherichia coli, strain "EC18" $\geq 9.0 \lg \text{CFU}$;

Clostridium perfringens type C, strain "Cl.p.-19", toxoid $\geq 20.0 \text{ IU}$.

VACCINATION SCHEMES

First vaccination



Revaccination



Proper colostrum feeding is essential to protect calves from neonatal diarrhea. The following factors are important for drinking:

- **a sufficient amount of colostrum** - at least 10% of the calf's body weight;
- **quality** - with a high content of Ig;
- **timeliness** - no later than 6 hours after birth.

*Anderson DC, Kress DD, Bernardini TM, et al. The effect of scours on calf weaning weight. The professional Animal Scientist 2003; 19:399-403